

2017 NJCL Ancient Geography Test

1. Rome is in _____.
A. Africa B. Italy C. Greece D. France
2. Rome is in _____.
A. Etruria B. Campania C. Samnium D. Latium
3. Pompeii is in _____.
A. Etruria B. Campania C. Samnium D. Latium
4. Athens is in _____.
A. Attica B. the Peloponnese C. Macedonia D. the Aegean Sea
5. Alexandria (one of the largest cities in the ancient world) is in _____.
A. Greece B. Syria C. Macedonia D. Egypt
6. Which was NOT an island?
A. Britannia B. Sardinia C. Cilicia D. Crete
7. Which of these is in the city of Rome?
A. Mt. Vesuvius B. Pont du Gard C. Viminal Hill D. Zaragosa
8. The sea off the eastern coast of Italy is called the _____.
A. Adriatic B. Tyrrhenian C. Aegean D. Black
9. Which is NOT NORTH of Italy?
A. Mauretania B. Rhaetia C. Caledonia D. Germania
10. Which town is closest to Mt. Vesuvius?
A. Mediolanum B. Stabiae C. Paestum D. Roma
11. Roman senators met in the Curia, which was located _____.
A. on the Palatine B. in the Campus Martius
C. in the Roman Forum D. on the Capitoline
12. Which Roman emperor did NOT build a forum among what we now call "the Imperial Fora"?
A. Augustus B. Trajan C. Nerva D. Nero
13. The Flavian Amphitheater, or "Colosseum," was surrounded by all these hills EXCEPT
A. Palatine B. Caelian C. Esquiline D. Quirinal
14. Julius Caesar divided Gaul into three parts. Which was NOT one of them?
A. Aquitania B. Provincia C. Belgae D. Celtae
15. Which is NOT an island in the Aegean Sea?
A. Naxos B. Delos C. Melita D. Thera
16. Which is NOT located in what we now call Africa?
A. Tyre B. Leptis Magna C. Cyrene D. Volubilis
17. Which is NOT located in Gallia?
A. Segovia B. Lutetia C. Arelate D. Alesia
18. Which of these was NOT located in Britannia?
A. Londinium B. Camulodunum C. Eboracum D. Merida
19. Which of these was NOT located in what we now call Turkey?
A. Troia B. Pergamum C. Tarsus D. Antioch
20. Which city in Greece is farthest north?
A. Corinth B. Philippi C. Pharsalus D. Athens
21. Which building was NOT inside the Roman Forum?
A. Temple of Concord B. Arch of Constantine C. Regia D. Temple of Vesta

22. Which hill of Rome is farthest NORTH?
 A. Pincian B. Vatican C. Janiculum D. Quirinal
23. Which is NOT a famous mountain in ancient geography?
 A. Vesuvius B. Ida C. Parnassus D. Tolosa
24. Which of the following was part of the province of Mauretania?
 A. Tingitana B. Cyrene C. Carthago D. Cirta
25. What building, also offering a **rostra**, was directly across the Forum Romanum from the Imperial Rostra?
 A. Temple of Castor B. Curia Iulia
 C. Basilica Aemilia D. Temple of Deified Julius Caesar
26. Which two hills flanked Rome's Circus Maximus?
 A. Aventine & Palatine B. Palatine & Capitoline
 C. Aventine & Capitoline D. Caelian & Viminal
27. Which mountain is NOT on mainland Greece?
 A. Ida B. Hymettus C. Parnassus D. Olympus
28. What is the ancient name for the city of Budapest?
 A. Aeclanum B. Aquincum C. Aquinum D. Burdigala
29. Which city was NOT found on the island of Sicily?
 A. Syracuse B. Drepanum C. Agrigentum D. Rhegium
30. Which was NOT a Roman city in Spain?
 A. Italica B. Ilerda C. Vindabona D. Carthago Nova
31. Where in the Roman world would you have found the city Lutetia?
 A. Gaul B. Italy C. Spain D. Noricum
32. When a city's name began with **Aquae**, one could count on seeing what asset there?
 A. flowing rivers B. fresh drinking water C. sea views D. public baths
33. In order to visit the Roman remains of Dalmatia, one must now go to
 A. Greece B. Croatia C. Thrace D. Switzerland
34. Which of the following was NOT an Etruscan city?
 A. Vindolanna B. Caere C. Clusium D. Tarquinia
35. Which of these is CLOSEST to Rome?
 A. Tarquinia B. Sperlonga C. Veii D. Venusia
36. The Imperial Fora of Rome lay in what direction from the slums called Subura?
 A. south B. west C. north D. east
37. Where was Hadrian's Wall?
 A. Judea B. Africa C. Germany D. Britannia
38. Tribes called the Catuvellauni, the Iceni, the Cantiaci, and the Brigantes were found in which Roman province?
 A. Gallia B. Germania Superior C. Hispania D. Britannia
39. What modern British city was called Deva by the Romans?
 A. Lincoln B. Chester C. Exeter D. Verulamium
40. The northernmost spur of the Palatine hill was called the
 A. Palatium B. Velia C. Oppius D. Germalus
41. Which of the following is NOT atop the Acropolis of Athens?
 A. Theater of Dionysus B. Erechtheon C. Parthenon D. Temple of Nike
42. The Athenian agora is _____ of the acropolis.
 A. west B. north C. east D. south
43. In what modern country would you find the Roman ruins of El Djem?
 A. Morocco B. Libya C. Tunisia D. Syria
44. In what modern country would you find the Roman ruins of Volubilis?
 A. Syria B. Libya C. Tunisia D. Morocco

45. In what modern country would you find the Roman ruins of Lepcis Magna?
 A. Syria B. Libya C. Tunisia D. Morocco
46. Romans had to cross which river to invade and conquer Dacia?
 A. Po B. Rhine C. Danube D. Euphrates
47. Which of these does NOT border the Pontus Euxinus?
 A. Bithynia B. Dacia C. Armenia D. Pannonia
48. Where is a person who is literally stuck between Scylla and Charybdis?
 A. between Gaul and Britain B. between Hispania and Mauretania
 C. between the "toe" of Italy and Sicily D. between Athens and Sparta
49. Which of these cities did the Romans call Oea?
 A. Tripoli B. Tomi C. Cadiz D. Mainz
50. What is the tallest mountain in Greece?
 A. Parnassus B. Helicon C. Pelion D. Olympus

IMPERIUM ROMANUM

TEAR OFF THE ATTACHED MAP OF **IMPERIUM ROMANUM** AT THE BACK OF THIS TEST FOR THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

51. The final battle of the First Punic War was fought here near the Aegates Islands.
 A. 23 B. 22 C. 20 D. 21
52. Caesar (DBG 5.24) reports a council of all Gallic tribes at Samarobriua, located here.
 A. 5 B. 4 C. 3 D. 2
53. Augustus' fleet defeated Antony and Cleopatra here, at Actium.
 A. 18 B. 26 C. 17 D. 27
54. Cicero served as proconsul of the province of Cilicia, located here.
 A. 18 B. 19 C. 14 D. 21
56. Scipio Africanus defeated Hannibal at Zama, located here.
 A. 25 B. 21 C. 20 D. 17
57. The city of Lutetia was located here.
 A. 9 B. 26 C. 4 D. 22
58. Ovid was exiled to Tomi, located here.
 A. 2 B. 28 C. 7 D. 8
59. The legendary labyrinth of King Minos was located at Knossos, here.
 A. 26 B. 23 C. 21 D. 24
60. This place was the legendary "Pillars of Hercules."
 A. 24 B. 13 C. 25 D. 19
61. This is the site of the Greek colony of Massilia.
 A. 21 B. 23 C. 9 D. 45
62. This was the site of the "Colossus of Rhodes."
 A. 27 B. 5 C. 23 D. 26
63. The Allobroges, known to both Caesar and Cicero, lived here.
 A. 12 B. 6 C. 9 D. 18
64. Catullus spent a year in Bithynia, located here.
 A. 18 B. 19 C. 14 D. 15
65. The ancient Olympic Games were held at Olympia, located here.
 A. 18 B. 15 C. 26 D. 22
66. This is the location of Saguntum, the city besieged by the Carthaginians in 219 BC.
 A. 20 B. 16 C. 11 D. 21

67. Publius Cornelius Scipio's defeat of Carthago Nova in 209 BC occurred here.
 A. 25 B. 20 C. 12 D. 11
68. Mithridates, King of Pontus, ruled from this area.
 A. 8 B. 15 C. 19 D. 14
69. Which line on the map denotes the Danube River?
 A. 10 B. 10 C. 7 D. 5
70. This area was called Calabria in ancient times.
 A. 4 B. 17 C. 18 D. 13
71. The Roman Emperor Diocletian built an immense palace at Split, located here.
 A. 45 B. 18 C. 15 D. 19
72. The Roman epigrammist Martial hailed from Bilbilis, located here.
 A. 11 B. 12 C. 27 D. 28
73. We may associate Memphis with Tennessee, but where was Memphis in the ancient world?
 A. 19 B. 22 C. 25 D. 27
74. Where was Isca Dumnoriorum?
 A. 5 B. 16 C. 1 D. 45
75. The Ebro River, located here, divided Hither Spain from Farther Spain.
 A. 10 B. 12 C. 13 D. 2

DO YOU KNOW YOUR WAY AROUND ROME?

TEAR OFF THE ATTACHED MAP OF **URBS ROMA** AT THE BACK OF THIS TEST FOR THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

76. Saturn is said to have established "Saturnia" here.
 A. 75 B. 46 C. 72 D. 67
77. Augustus Caesar's sister was honored by this building.
 A. 53 B. 65 C. 58 D. 68
78. This was Rome's meat market, the Forum Boarium.
 A. 57 B. 67 C. 51 D. 53
79. The Temple to the Deified Claudius was located on this hill.
 A. 52 B. 63 C. 66 D. 71
80. This was the original location of Augustus' Ara Pacis.
 A. 47 B. 48 C. 49 D. 51
81. This hill was the home for many plebeians and had a major temple to Diana.
 A. 75 B. 71 C. 72 D. 70
82. Julius Caesar was assassinated in this building complex.
 A. 56 B. 54 C. 58 D. 61
83. Before Rome's Republic came to an end, this was its military exercise area.
 A. 51 B. 75 C. 46 D. 72
84. The Emperor Hadrian built the Temple of Venus and Rome, two identical temples in mirror image, here.
 A. 58 B. 68 C. 55 D. 48
85. St. Peter was crucified upside down, then buried, at the foot of this hill.
 A. 52 B. 46 C. 75 D. 72
86. The ashes of the Emperor Augustus and many of his family were laid to rest here.
 A. 47 B. 53 C. 63 D. 49
87. This hill of Rome lies just northeast of Subura.
 A. 71 B. 66 C. 52 D. 63
88. These baths were built over top of the filled-in remains of Nero's Domus Aurea.
 A. 53 B. 58 C. 69 D. 71

89. The Temple to Mars Ultor was located in this forum.
 A. 64 B. 55 C. 65 D. 68
90. Thomas Jefferson's designs of his home of his home Monticello and the Rotunda of the University of Virginia were based on this temple in Rome, which was dedicated to all the gods.
 A. 53 B. 48 C. 58 D. 50
91. Rome's major temple to Jupiter, the destination of triumphal processions, was located here.
 A. 61 B. 62 C. 68 D. 65
92. Rome's fishmarket, the Forum Piscatorium, was located here.
 A. 67 B. 57 C. 72 D. 51
93. Where was the Domus Augustana?
 A. 66 B. 70 C. 64 D. 63
94. Constantine commemorated his defeat of the forces of Maxentius with this monument.
 A. 48 B. 47 C. 49 D. 73
95. This is Trajan's Forum.
 A. 67 B. 65 C. 55 D. 64
96. Hadrian's Tomb, aka Castel Sant' Angelo, is here.
 A. 50 B. 47 C. 48 D. 67
97. The Stadium of Domitian, aka Piazza Navona, is here.
 A. 74 B. 68 C. 63 D. 70
98. The theater which honored Augustus' first successor Marcellus was built here.
 A. 56 B. 54 C. 69 D. 55
99. This is the location of the temple built to honor Juno because her sacred geese alerted the Romans about the nighttime attack of the invading Gauls.
 A. 61 B. 68 C. 71 D. 62
100. The "Potters' Field," where nameless and indigent persons were buried in mass graves, was located here.
 A. 52 B. 66 C. 51 D. 46

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IMPERIUM
ROMANUM



