1. What do the phrases *Fumōs vendere*, *aqua ē pumice*, and *ab asinō lanam* all mean?
   (IT IS) IMPOSSIBLE
   B1: What does the phrase *ignis fatuus* mean?
      A WILL O’ THE WISP, A DELUSION/FALSE HOPE
   B2: What does the phrase *ne plus ultra* mean?
      NOTHING MORE BEYOND, THE ULTIMATE, THE EPITOME, etc.

2. *Prasina*, *veneta*, *russata*, and *albata* were the Latin names for what racing companies, celebrated by supporters much like sports teams today?
   Factiones/Factions
   B1: Which two factions were the originals?
      RUSSATA/RED and ALBATA/WHITE
   B2: Between which two hills did the Circus Maximus stretch?
      PALATINE and AVVENTINE

3. Defined by The Urban Dictionary as “brutal, yet awesome,” what contemporary slang term is a derivative of the Latin noun *silva*?
   Savage
   B1: What derivative of a Latin diminutive meaning “slave” is defined as “a word used to describe your peoples.”
      FAM (DO NOT TAKE FAMILY)
   B2: What slang meaning “over the top” is the same word as a Latin accusative preposition?
      EXTRA

4. *Sicelides Musae, paulo maiora canamus* opens what author’s fourth Eclogue, whose magnum opus is a 12-book epic on the founding of Rome?
   Vergil
   B1: What third work of Vergil covers the working of the fields and beekeeping?
      Georgics
   B2: In what meter did Vergil write the Eclogues and Aeneid?
      Dactylic Hexameter

5. The sea is calm for seven days every winter because of what couple, transformed into kingfishers because the husband drowned at sea?
   Ceyx And Alcyone
   B1: What name do sailors give to these days? It is also the name of a company advertising “bespoke gifts and gold enamel bangles” on their website.
      Halcyon Days
   B2: Ceyx was travelling to what famous oracle when he drowned?
      Oracle At Delphi

[SCORE CHECK]
6. What famous Roman, named **dictator rei publicae constituen
dae**, made Cisalpine Gaul a province and became ruler for the years 81-79 BC and fought a war against Marius?

**SULLA**

B1: At what battle of 82 BC did Sulla defeat the joint forces of the Marians and Samnites?

**COLLINE GATE**

B2: What future triumvir commanded Sulla’s right flank at the battle?

**M. LICINIUS CRASSUS (TRIUMVIR)**

7. What work of Cicero was written to replace his crude early work “De Inventione” on the subject of oratory?

**DE ORATORE**

B1: What late work of Cicero was written for the edification of his son?

**DE OFFICIIS**

B2: What group of speeches was written by Cicero to impugn the character of Antony?

**PHILIPPICS**

8. What fisherman discovered his legs had become a fish’s tail, becoming a minor god and falling in love with a beautiful woman named Scylla?

**GLAUCUS**

B1: What goddess did Glaucus go to for advice re: Scylla, but she fell in love with him?

**CIRCE**

B2: What group did Glaucus aid by convincing to forge onwards?

**ARGONAUTS**

9. Translate the following sentence from Latin to English: Dominus servīs dedit opus murī aedificandī.

**THE MASTER GAVE THE SLAVES THE JOB/WORK OF BUILDING A WALL**


**THE ROMANS HAD TO ATTACK THE CITY AT ONCE/THE CITY HAD TO BE ATTACKED AT ONCE BY THE ROMANS**

B2: Now translate: Ad Graeciam navigāvit ad fratrem petendum.

**HE SAILED TO GREECE TO LOOK FOR/SEEK HIS BROTHER**

10. Differentiate in meaning between *mens* and *mēnsis*.

**MIND and MONTH**

B1: Differentiate in meaning between *ara* and *arx*.

**ALTAR and CITADEL/HILLTOP/SUMMIT**

B2: Differentiate in meaning between *vallis* and *vallum*.

**WALL/RAMPART and VALLEY**

11. What author, who received his name because he was born on the First of March, wrote works including **Liber Spectaculorum** and his more famous Epigrams?

**MARTIAL**

B1: How many books of epigrams did Martial compose?

**TWELVE**

B2: What emperor does Martial grossly flatter?

**DOMITIAN**

12. **Minor, irascor, evenio, diffido**, and **credo** all commonly take what case?

**DATIVE**
B1: Gratificor, adulor, plaudo, and nubo all commonly take what case? DATIVE
B2: Fungor, fruor, and vescor all commonly take what case? ABLATIVE

13. What emperor’s name, meaning “majestic” or “venerable,” was proposed by Munatius Plancus in 27 BC, marking the beginning of the empire? AUGUSTUS/OCTAVIAN, etc.
B1: The name of what emperor, who ruled in the the 3rd century and sacked Ctesiphon, means “dear?” CARUS
B2: Under what emperor, whose name means “good” or “noble,” did Carus serve as Praetorian prefect? He also finished construction of Aurelian’s wall around Rome. PROBUS

14. Identify the use of the subjunctive found in the following sentence: Utinam hodie vincāmus. OPTATIVE
B1: Identify the use of the subjunctive found in the following sentence: Tum veniant! JUSSIVE/VOLITIVE
B2: Identify the use of the subjunctive found in the following sentence: Quid faciam? DELIBERATIVE

[SCORE CHECK]

15. According to the Aeneid, Thoas, Acamas, Thesandrus, Machaon, Neoptolemus, and Ulysses were among the Greeks in what object, the ruin of Troy during the War? TROJAN HORSE
B1: Which of the Greeks in the tossup was the son of Achilles? NEOPTOLEMUS
B2: Which of the Greeks in the tossup was a healer and son of Aesculapius? MACHAON

[SCORE CHECK]